

jurisdiction of the LXVIII Infantry Corps burned fifty houses in the village of Kimi, Greece, in retaliation for an attack on a German truck.

o. On or about 11 July 1944, troops of the 369th "Devil's" Division, under the command and jurisdiction of the 2d Panzer Army, destroyed by fire the Croatian villages of Zagnjesde and Udora, executing the male population of those villages and transporting the female population to the concentration camp at Stolac, Croatia.

p. On or about 13 August 1944, pursuant to an order of the Commander in Chief Army Group F and Supreme Commander Southeast, the defendant Weichs, the Greek village of Karpenision was burned to the ground.

10. The acts and conduct of the defendants set forth in this count were committed unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly, and constitute violations of international Conventions, of the Hague Regulations 1907, of the laws and customs of war, of the general principles of criminal law as derived from the criminal laws of all civilized nations, of the internal penal laws of the countries in which such crimes were committed, and were declared, recognized, and defined as crimes by Article II of Control Council Law No. 10.

### COUNT THREE

11. Between September 1939 and May 1945, all of the defendants unlawfully, willfully and knowingly committed war crimes and crimes against humanity, as defined in Article II of Control Council Law No. 10, in that they were principals in, accessories to, ordered, abetted, took a consenting part in, were connected with plans and enterprises involving, and were members of organizations or groups connected with, the initiation and drafting of certain illegal orders, and their subsequent issuance and distribution to, and execution by, troop units of the German armed forces under the command and jurisdiction of, and responsible to, the defendants herein. Such illegal orders directed *inter alia* that enemy troops be refused quarter and be denied the status and rights of prisoners of war, and that surrendered members of the military forces of nations at war with Germany be summarily executed. Such illegal orders further directed that regular members of the national armies of Greece, Yugoslavia, and Italy be designated and treated by troops of the German armed forces subordinate to the defendants herein as "partisans," "rebels," "Communists," and "bandits," and that the relatives of the members of such national armies be held responsible for said members' lawful acts of warfare. These orders were carried out thoroughly and ruthlessly, and as a result thousands of soldiers and prisoners of war were murdered and ill-treated.